## ABSTRACT

The invention relates to a continuous casting mold, in particular a thin slab mold in which the flow of a liquid metal in the mold is influenced by a magnetic field generated by permanent magnets, wherein the permanent magnets have, over the width and/or height thereof, different magnetic strengths or are spaced from each other by different distances for a different field strength. To provide for variation of the magnetic field strength, the permanent magnets are differently adjusted in groups for changing a field strength distribution.